

# ENDANGERED SPECIES BOOKMARKS

**Indiana Bat**  
*(Myotis sodalis)*



Merlin D. Tuttle, Bat Conservation International

**Protected at ten  
Army installations  
in six states in the  
Northeast and Midwest**

**Habitat:** Winter hibernation takes place in limestone caves. In summer, bats forage along waterways and floodplains, and roost in caves and under the loose bark of dying trees.

About 500,000 individuals of this species still exist.

Eat up to half their body weight in insects each night.

It takes 25 to 37 days for baby bats to begin flying and feeding on their own; females bear single offspring.

During the winter, about 87 percent of the entire population hibernates in only seven caves.

Listed as endangered on March 11, 1967.

Front

Design  
provided by  
U.S. Army  
Environmental  
Command

For more  
information:  
USAEC Public  
Affairs Office  
(410) 436-2556



The U.S. Army is the steward of more than 15 million acres of land across many diverse ecosystems. Because of the way the Army trains on and manages this land, these natural environments have become havens of plant and animal biodiversity.

Of the approximately 1,300 plants and animals federally listed as threatened or endangered, more than 170 are found on Army lands in the United States.

<http://aec.army.mil>

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