



TECHNICAL PAPER

STANDARDIZED UXO DEMONSTRATION SITES

TETRA TECH FOSTER WHEELER, INC. – EM61-MKII PUSH CART

DESERT EXTREME SCORING RECORD NO. 171



The EM61-MKII in the pushcart platform is shown being demonstrated by TtFW.

Technologies under development for the detection and discrimination of unexploded ordnance (UXO) require testing so that their performance can be characterized. To that end, Standardized Test Sites have been developed at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland and Yuma Proving Ground (YPG), Arizona. These test sites provide a diversity of geology, climate, terrain, and weather as well as diversity in ordnance and clutter. Testing at these sites is independently administered and analyzed by the government for the purposes of characterizing technologies, tracking performance with system development, comparing performance of different systems, and comparing performance in different environments.

The Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program is a multi-agency program spearheaded by the U.S. Army Environmental Center (USAEC), The U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center (ATC) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) provide programmatic support. The program is being funded and supported by the Environmental Security Technology Certification Program (ESTCP), the Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program (SERDP) and the Army Environmental Quality Technology Program (EQT).

DEMONSTRATOR'S SYSTEM AND DATA PROCESSING DESCRIPTION

The Geonics EM61-MKII TDEM geophysical sensor, Arc Second Constellation (CST), and Leica Series 1100 Robotic Total Station (RTS) laser positioning systems are proposed for YPG. The EM61-MKII pushcart uses time domain technology to facilitate the detection and discrimination of metallic objects. Two coils, 100 cm x 100 cm, are oriented in a horizontal coplanar fashion and separated by a vertical distance of 40 cm. The system is utilized either on nonmagnetic wheels or as a man-portable unit (terrain-dependent) with the lower coil 40 cm above the ground surface. In general, a transmit pulse of uni-polar rectangular current (25 percent duty) of very short duration is applied to the lower coil. This primary current creates a primary magnetic field that induces eddy currents in nearby metal objects. The current flowing in the metal object creates a secondary magnetic field that is detected by both the lower and upper coils. The transmitter pulse frequency is 75 hertz (Hz), the pulse duration is 3.3 milliseconds, the peak power output is 50 watts, and the average power is 25 watts. Both coils possess zero decibels of gain.

The secondary magnetic field created by metal objects is sampled by the EM61-MKII electronics, which reside in the backpack, at times of 216 microseconds (ms), 366 ms, 660 ms on the bottom coil and 660 ms on the top coil after the turn-off of the transmit pulse. Digital data for these four individual time gates are integrated and recorded to a Juniper Allegro field

The EM61-MKII
in the pushcart platform
was demonstrated by Tetra Tech Foster
Wheeler, Inc. (TtFW) at the Yuma Proving
Ground Standardized Demonstration Site's
Desert Extreme Area. This technical paper
contains the results of that demonstration.

This is a reference document only and
does not serve as an endorsement of
the demonstrator's product by the
US Army or the Standardized UXO
Technology Sites Program.

For more information

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computer at a rate of 12 Hz. The individual time gate data are converted into units of millivolts (mV), normalized, and gain is applied to each time gate by the EM61-MK2A software v1.22 on the Juniper Allegro field computer.

Safety hazards for the EM61-MKII equipment include electromagnetic radiation. The electromagnetic field of the system could potentially detonate some types of specialized ordnance. The Hazards of Electromagnetic Radiation to Ordnance (HERO) distance for the EM61-MKII pushcart is 20 cm. The US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) recommends a ground clearance of at least 40 cm when electrically fused ordnance is present.

The CST consists of four laser transmitters and a field computer for logging the position data via wireless modem. Four Trimble Spectra Precision LS920 Laser Transmitters are positioned in a diamond or square geometry over 0.5 to 1.0 acres depending upon the tree density. The transmitters are leveled, and an automatic routine calculates the relative X-Y-Z plane between the transmitters to a tolerance of one inch or less. A laser detector “wand” (i.e., receiver) is centered over the EM61-MKII coils on a Tetra Tech Foster Wheeler (TtFW) designed fiberglass doghouse. The detector wand receives the laser pulses from the four transmitters simultaneously, and computes a position based on the known position of the laser transmitters. Only two of the laser transmitters are necessary to compute a reliable position to a relative accuracy of approximately one inch. The position data are updated at two to three Hertz and sent via wireless modem to the field computer for storage. The Leica Series 1100 RTS consists of a laser-based total station survey instrument (transmitter), prism (receiver), and RCS 100 remote control. The transmitter is positioned over a ground position point of known location, and an X-Y-Z Cartesian coordinate system is defined by occupying an additional known ground position with the receiver prism. The receiver prism is mounted on a TtFW doghouse centered over the EM61-MKII coils, and the RTS automatically tracks the prism at distances of several thousand feet to an accuracy of approximately one inch. Position data for the receiver prism are updated at a rate of three to four Hertz and stored on a Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA) card located on the robotic total station.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Results for the Desert Extreme test broken out by size, depth and nonstandard ordnance are presented in table below. Results by size and depth include both standard and nonstandard ordnance. The results by size show how well the demonstrator did at detecting/discriminating ordnance of a certain caliber range. The results are relative

to the number of ordnance items emplaced. Depth is measured from the geometric center of anomalies.

The Response Stage results are derived from the list of anomalies above the demonstrator-provided noise level. The results for the Discrimination Stage are derived from the demonstrator’s recommended threshold for optimizing UXO field cleanup by minimizing false digs and maximizing ordnance recovery. The lower 90 percent confidence limit on probability of detection and P_{fa} was calculated assuming that the number of detections and false positives are binomially distributed random variables. All results have been rounded to protect the ground truth. However, lower confidence limits were calculated using actual results.

SUMMARY OF DESERT EXTREME RESULTS FOR EM61-MKII/PUSHCART

Metric	Overall	Standard	Nonstandard	By Size			By Depth, m		
				Small	Medium	Large	< 0.3	0.3 to <1	>= 1
RESPONSE STAGE									
P _d	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.50	0.65	0.70	0.50	0.70	0.60
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.51	0.48	0.48	0.39	0.54	0.54	0.43	0.57	0.25
P _d Upper 90% Conf	0.63	0.64	0.66	0.56	0.75	0.86	0.58	0.78	0.89
P _{fa}	0.70	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	0.75	0.00
P _{fa} Low 90% Conf	0.65	-	-	-	-	-	0.63	0.67	0.00
P _{fa} Upper 90% Conf	0.73	-	-	-	-	-	0.72	0.82	0.90
BAR	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISCRIMINATION STAGE									
P _d	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.50	0.65	0.70	0.50	0.70	0.60
P _d Low 90% Conf	0.51	0.48	0.48	0.39	0.54	0.54	0.43	0.57	0.25
P _d Upper 90% Conf	0.63	0.64	0.66	0.56	0.75	0.86	0.58	0.78	0.89
P _{fa}	0.55	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.70	0.00
P _{fa} Low 90% Conf	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.44	0.60	0.00
P _{fa} Upper 90% Conf	0.58	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	0.75	0.90
BAR	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Response Stage Noise Level: 1.70

Recommended Discrimination Stage Threshold: 5.00

Note: The recommended discrimination stage threshold values are provided by the demonstrator.

To view the full Scoring Record for this demonstration and for all other demonstrations conducted at the Aberdeen and Yuma Proving Grounds in support of the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Sites Program please visit our Web site at: www.uxotestsites.org.

